Introduction to Statistics: Review Questions

- 1. Since the size of the population is always larger than the size of the sample, the population mean must
 - a. always be smaller than the sample mean.
 - b. be larger than the sample mean.
 - c. be equal to the sample mean.
 - d. None of these alternatives is correct.
- 2. Choose the correct statement.
 - a. Median must always be positive.
 - b. Median is unique.
 - c. Median is a calculated average.
 - d. Median is affected by extreme values.
- 3. Choose the correct statement.
 - a. Mode must exist in a data set.
 - b. Mode is always equal to the median.
 - c. Mode is always larger than the mean.
 - d. Mode is the most frequently occurring data value.
- 4. The range is
 - a. a measure of central tendency.
 - b. the most repeated value in the data set.
 - c. the difference between the largest and the smallest data values in the data set.
 - d. a measure of dispersion that gives information about the data set distribution.

- 5. If the mean of a data set is zero, then the standard deviation
 - a. must also be zero.
 - b. must be 1.
 - c. can be any value other than zero.
 - d. can be any positive value.
- 6. Choose the correct statement.
 - a. Variance is a square root of standard deviation.
 - b. Variance takes all the data values into consideration.
 - c. If variance is very small, the data set must have an extreme value.
 - d. A big variance indicates more consistency in the data.
- 7. Maya bought a t-shirt at \$50, a hat for \$70, and a pair of shoes for \$180. She also bought a skirt, but she does not remember the price. If the average price per item was \$120, find the price of the skirt.
- 8. The following frequency distribution shows a sample of grades of a statistics exam.

| Grades | Frequency | | |
|---------|-----------|--|--|
| 50 – 59 | 7 | | |
| 60 – 69 | 10 | | |
| 70 – 79 | 22 | | |
| 80 – 89 | 15 | | |
| 90 – 99 | 6 | | |

| Calculate the following: |
|--------------------------|
| a. Modal class is |
| b. Mean is |

c. Variance is_____, given to 2 decimal places

d. Standard deviation is_____, given to 2 decimal places

- 9. Eleven daily temperatures for Alaska are listed below:
- -21, 0, 2, -15, 0, 5, -18, 7, 0, -32, -25

Which of the following statements is true?

- a. There is no mode.
- b. The mode is 0.
- c. The mode is -21.
- d. The data set has 2 modes.
- 10. Lisa was attending an intense French course. She had 2 tests, each worth 20% of the final mark, a project, worth 10% of the final mark, and an exam, worth 50% of the final mark. If she scored 88% in test 1, 76% in test 2, 90% in the project, and 75% in the exam, what was her final mark (weighted mean), as a percentage? Do not round your answer.
- 11. The following list shows the number of tickets sold in a week:
- 52 40 42
- 45
- 50
- 39
- 55
- 35

Which measure is the best to represent this set of data?

- a. mean and median
- b. mean, median, and mode
- c. median
- d. mode
- 12. Variance of all the numbers in group A is 2.13 Standard deviation of all the numbers in group B is 1.46 Variance of all the numbers in group C is 2.13 The group with the most dispersion is:

- a. Group A
- b. Group B
- c. Group C
- d. They all have the same spread.
- 13. The following data shows the frequency distribution of a sample of science exam marks.

| Marks | No. of Students | | |
|-------|--------------------|--|--|
| 50 | 7 | | |
| 55 | 10 | | |
| 60 | 11 | | |
| 65 | 8 | | |
| 70 | 4 | | |

| Calculate | the | fol | lowing: |
|-----------|-----|-----|---------|
|-----------|-----|-----|---------|

- a. Mean is _____b. Variance is_____, given to 3 decimal places
- c. Standard deviation is______, given to 3 decimal places
- d. Mode is _____
- 14. Which of the following symbols represents the mean of the population?
 - a. σ^2
 - b. σ
 - c. µ
 - d. 🛚